YOUR RETIREMENT ROAD MAP

THE ROAD TO RETIREMENT BEGINS LONG BEFORE YOU MARK YOUR FINAL CLOCK-OUT ON THE CALENDAR.

Whether you're 25 and just starting the journey, or 65 and counting down, you can check off a number of to-dos that will help set the course for a comfortable retirement. Tackling the tasks in stages can help retirement planning feel accessible, not overwhelming. **Here's how you can catch up and/or move forward with confidence:**

IN YOUR 20s		 DESIGN A BUDGET — AND STICK TO IT. Build an emergency fund. Aim for about six months' worth of living expenses. Time is on your side, so enroll in your workplace retirement plan (if available) or start an IRA. (You might even consider both.) Consider disability and life insurance to help protect your paycheck. Monitor finances regularly and adjust savings contributions to keep pace with inflation.
IN YOUR 30s	0	Continue to increase contributions to your workplace retirement plan and/or IRA. Open an account for your children's college education. Stay current. As your family changes, make sure your insurance protection and beneficiaries also change. WRITE A FINANCIAL PLAN. Outline your savings goals, insurance needs and investment portfolio.
IN YOUR 40s		Changing jobs? Rollover your workplace retirement plan to an IRA instead of cashing it out. Increase your savings each time you earn a raise. PURCHASE LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE. The longer you wait, the higher your premium.
IN YOUR 50s	0	REASSESS YOUR INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO. You may want to consider adding investments with less risk as you get closer to retirement. Aim to eliminate debt so it won't bog down your retirement plans. Consider making catch-up contributions to your workplace retirement plan and/or IRA. (You can start the year you turn 50.)
IN YOUR 60s		Calculate your pension, Social Security and other guaranteed retirement income to determine what your monthly paycheck will be. Track your expenses, then create a retirement budget in line with your income. MAKE A DETAILED RETIREMENT PLAN . Consider major factors, such as inflation, medical expenses, when you want to retire and where you would like to live.
IN YOUR 70s AND BEYOND	0	Start taking required minimum distributions (RMDs) from your retirement accounts beginning at age 70½. Review and UPDATE YOUR ESTATE PLANS regularly.

Prior to rolling over assets from an employer-sponsored retirement plan into an IRA, it's important that customers understand their options and do a full comparison on the differences in the guarantees and protections offered by each respective type of account as well as the differences in liquidity/loans, types of investments, fees, and any potential penalties.